

# **Policy Agenda**



#### motivation drivers to become a woman entrepreneur

employment

earning for reasonable living

realization of own dreams and ideas

#### main barriers for young women to start own business

access to finance

overall weak economic environment

lack of savings

lack of information about how to start a business

lack of entrepreneurial skills

high corruption and red tape

uncertainty about the future

risk of losing the balance between work and personal life

## 5 main groups of policy recommendations are provided:

#### #1 Governmental policies to promote female entrepreneurship and leadership

establishment of evidence based and participatory process in creation of young women entrepreneurship policy

designing of policies and strategies, support infrastructure to foster female entrepreneurship

applying one-stop-shop concept - centralized platform related to female start-ups

/ development of policy instruments and tools supporting young women startups: mentorship programs and trainings for business, digital and soft skills

/development a Strategy and taking concrete actions to harmonize the business environment with the family environment in order to provide support and relief to women in the form of child care, elderly care, family life and recreation

/ensuring of joint support through diverse networks in order to set up e-Commerce platform/ assist young women entrepreneusr in e-Business

# #2 Strategy to harmonise the business with family environment

creation of a supportive infrastructure for female workers and entrepreneurs with care responsibilities

integration of professional and private lives of female entrepreneurs

strengthen access to social security benefits for the self-employed

ensure affordable and quality care facilities for children and other dependants, including elderly relatives and family members with disabilities

/breaking down gender stereotypes and ideas about traditional gender roles encourage men to participate more in traditional female activities such as housework and caring for dependent relatives

### #3 Policies in support of financial instruments for young women entrepreneurs

encouraging of banks and micro institutions to provide a wider range of financial services with flexible terms and conditions to assist women in establishing and expanding their own enterprises

developing successful financing models for female entrepreneurs focusing that will allow smaller and start-up companies to make use of these instruments

> improving the dialogue between policy makers, venture capitals and business angels, and organizations dealing with women's entrepreneurship support for to develop appropriate financial instruments/grants supporting innovative female start-ups, especially in STEM, as well as for training and building women's capacity in accessing venture capital

#### #4 Network of mentors and support organizations

fostering networking among associations and encouraging cooperation and partnerships among national and international networks as well as facilitating female entrepreneurial endeavours in the economy

increase the stock of resources available to female entrepreneurs by expanding their business networks, organising networking events and using online interfaces to connect women entrepreneurs with the business world

close cooperation between governments, associations of female entrepreneurs, NGOs and other female entrepreneurship support organisations in order to formulate strategies to enable informal mentoring supportive relationships among the women entrepreneurs

#### #5 Establishment of Women Entrepreneurship Centres

providing of support for the establishment of Women Entrepreneurship Centres (EWCs) in the Danube Region countries using the Concept of EWCs and developed training models under WOMEN IN BUSINESS project

Providing of support for raising awareness of the EWCs activities through conferences, events and networking events



support for establishment of a network of EWCs